Photographic Views of the Great Springfield Race War August, 1908



"Scene on East Madison Street. In the heart of the 'Black Belt."

On August 14-15, 1908 Springfield, Illinois was rocked by a race riot that resulted in the deaths of nine people, dozens of properties being destroyed or damaged, and the displacement of a large segment of the city's black population. The riot was a seminal event in Springfield's history and is the acknowledged catalyst for the foundation of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People (NAACP) in early 1909. The document presented here is a small (5¾" x 8¾"), 18-page, black-and-white pamphlet, printed by the *Illinois State Register* (one of Springfield's leading newspapers of the day) shortly after that eventful weekend. This souvenir booklet was reprinted from content published in the Saturday, August 15, 1908 edition of their newspaper, which carried extensive coverage on the previous evening's events.

As this booklet is fairly rare, and online copies of the publication were not available to view, we are reproducing it here for the public's use. We thank Richard Hart (Springfield, Illinois) for loaning us his copy of this publication, and allowing us to scan it for presentation here.

Floyd Mansberger Christopher Stratton

Fever River Research Springfield, Illinois For a contemporary collection of images associated with the riot, see also the scrapbook prepared in 1909 and entitled *In the Wake of the Mob An Illustrated Story of Riot, Ruin, and Rage*. For a power point presentation summarizing the context of our recent archaeological investigations at the site of houses destroyed during the riot, click here. Similarly, for a companion power point presentation summarizing the archaeological investigations, click here. To access the larger Phase II archaeological report, entitled *Results of Phase II Archaeological Investigations of Sites 11SG1432 and 11SG1433 for the Proposed Carpenter Street Underpass, Springfield Rail Improvements Project, Springfield, Illinois* (Mansberger and Stratton 2016), click here. And finally, for the artifact appendices to the above referenced Phase II archaeological report, click here.

PHOTOGRAPHIC VIEWS

Great Springfield Race War

AUGUST. 1908

Depicting Work of Mob's Violence in the Venting of Their Wrath on the Blacks.

PRICE. 25 CENTS



SPRINGFIELD'S GREAT RACE WAR.

(Extracts from Illinois State Register of Saturday morning, August 15, 1908.)

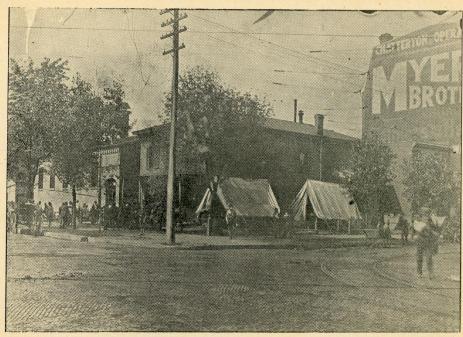
"Mob law, implacable, inexorable, with justice as its excuse and basing its depredations upon the theory that might makes right, held Springfield in its grasp all last night while a great mob of men, thirsting for revenge for the brutal assault upon Mrs. Hallam and the cold-blooded murder of Clergy Ballard, foiled in their early attempt to get the negro prisoners charged with these crimes from the county jail, stoned the troops called out to resist them, defied police and sheriff's deputies, wrecked the restaurant and burned the automobile of Harry Loper because he aided in spiriting the negroes away from the city; fought a desperate battle with bullets and fire brands in the negrodistrict, shattered plate glass windows. burned twenty houses before 3 o'clock this morning, and held a general reign of terror, leaving in the wake of riot a long list of dead and injured.

"The immense crowd first showed its desperation when it defied the troops and the officers and threatened to attack the jail. Sheriff Werner pleaded in vain. He declared time and time again the prisoners had been taken away.

"But the crowd would not succeed in gaining entrance to the jail they turned they could not succeed in gaining entrance to the jail they turned they could not succeed in gaining entrance to the jail they turned their attention to gaining entrance to the jail they turned their attention to gaining entrance to the jail they turned their attention to gaining entrance to the jail they turned their attention to gaining entrance to the jail they turned their attention to gaining entrance to the jail they turned their attention to gaining entrance to the jail they turned their attention to gaining entrance to the jail they turned their attention to gaining entrance to the jail they turned their attention to gaining entrance to the jail they turned their attention to gaining entrance to the jail they turned their attention to gaining entrance to the jail caper is defiended in the jail and the cold-blooded on the restaurant, bent upon

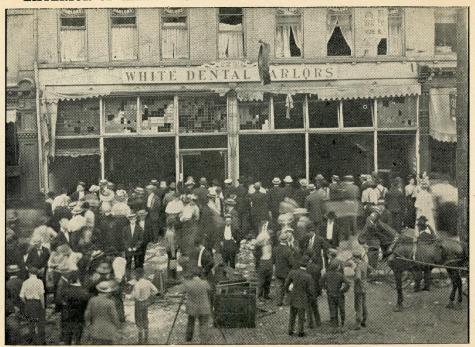
The total dead to date numbers six and the wounded are innumerable. The property loss will exceed \$200,000. The cost to the county and state cannot at present be estimated. The following photographs are genuine views of the mob's destructive work.

SANGAMON COUNTY JAIL.



Where the prisoners were first confined and first mob violence was manifested.

EXTERIOR OF HARRY LOPER'S CAFE ON SOUTH FIFTH STREET.



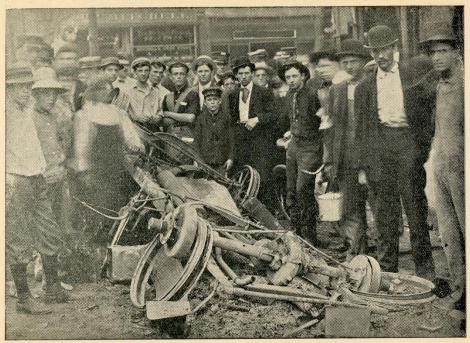
Where mob vented wrath on Mr. Loper for assisting their prey to escape their vengeance.

Interior of Loper's Cafe After Mob Had Completed Devastation.



Everything was demolished, including the handsom buffet in the basement. All furniture and fixtures were carried into the street and burned.

THE REMAINS OF LOPER'S \$5,000 AUTO.



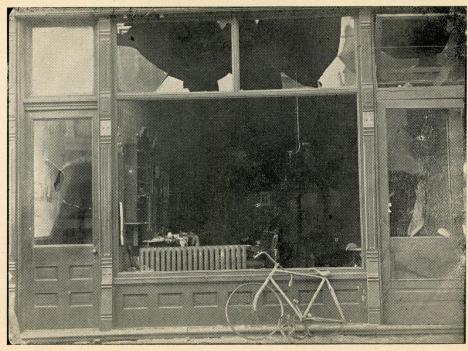
This auto was used by Mr. Loper in spiriting the prisoners away from the jail.

FISHMAN'S PAWN SHOP AND JOHNSON'S SALOON.



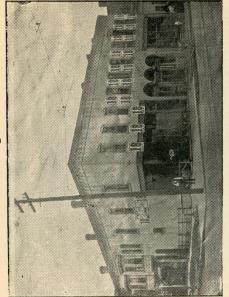
These were visited by the mob directly after demolishing Loper's restaurant. The pawn shop was completely destroyed and the saloon badly damaged.

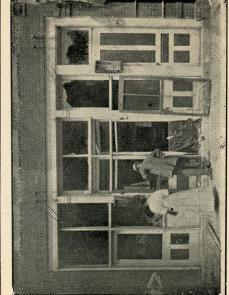
OSBORNE'S COLORED BARBER SHOP.



Completely wrecked and all tools confiscated.

"Dandy Jim's" Saloon at 8th and Washington.





Ed. White's (colored) Saloon.

Mayor Roy Reece.



Who narrowly escaped mob violence.

Another Scene on East Washington Street.



SCENE ON EAST MADISON STREET.

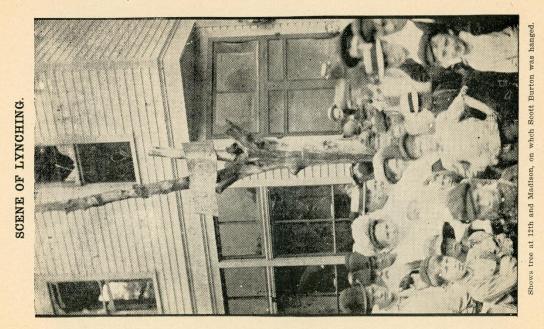


In the heart of the "Black Belt."

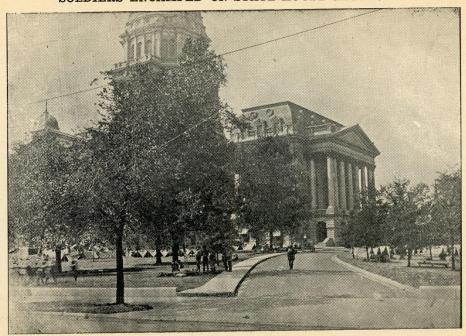
ANOTHER VIEW ON EAST MADISON STREET.



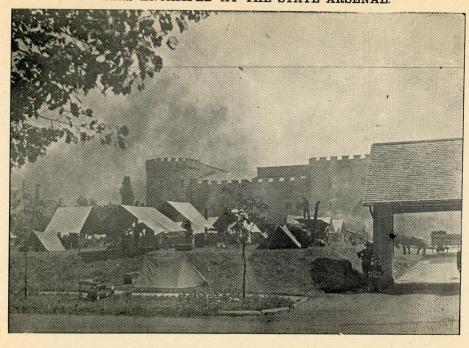
Where mob's violence reached its highest pitch.



SOLDIERS ENCAMPED ON STATE HOUSE GROUNDS.



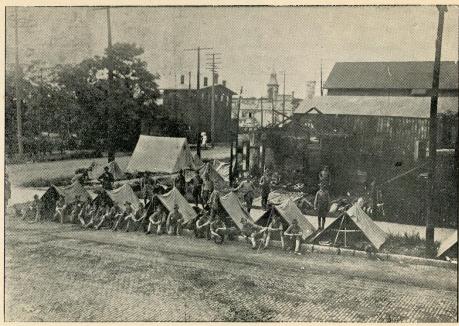
SOLDIERS ENCAMPED AT THE STATE ARSENAL.



TROOPS ENCAMPED ON CAPITOL HILL.



TROOPS AT NINTH AND JEFFERSON.

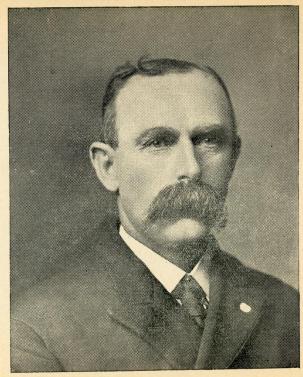


Showing barber shop of Scott Burton, who was lynched, the first building to be fired.



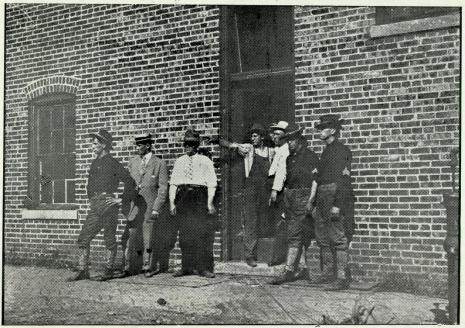
W. H. BOWE.

Deputy County Treasurer, who was shot and almost lynched by negroes.



SHERIFF WERNER.

ROY YOUNG MAKING SPECTACULAR CONFESSION.



Young stands in the doorway pointing. On one side of him stands Detective Jones, on the other, Detective Bogardus. He is pointing out a house he helped to burn.